Determination of the quadrupole interaction constants for the U^{233} isotope by optical atomic spectroscopy. (Cont.)

⁶L_{13/2} level. The results were too scattered in group III so that the constant is not quoted for the ⁶K_{9/2} level. From these values the nuclear quadrupole moment of U²33 is roughly estimated to be 13 X 10⁻²⁴ cm². The work was carried out under the direction of Dr. A.R. Striganov. There are four figures (including one half-tone plate), one table and eight references, three of which are Slavic.

SUBMITTED: January 2, 1956. AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 3/3

YASHIN, N.M.

Determination of constants of quadrupole interaction for U²³ by means of optical atomic spectroscopy. Fiz.sbor. no.4:14-16 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Laboratoriya izmeritel'nykh priborov AN SSSR. (Uranium-Spectra) (Electrons)

YaShin, N. M. Cand Phys*Kath Sci — (diss) "Superfine structure of the optical spectrum and the nuclear moments of uranium-233," Moscow, 1960, 10 pp, (Moscow State U im M. V. Lomonosov. Institute of Atomic Energy im I. V. Kurchatov, AS USSR) (KL, 45-60, 122)

ACCESSION NR: AP4020938

3/0051/64016/002/0329/0334

AUTHOR: Butslov, M. M; Plakhov, A.G.; Shapkin, V.V.; Yashin, N.M.

TITLE: Electron-optical recording of the radiation from weakly luminous pulse-discharge plasma

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v.16, no.2, 1964, 329-334

TOBIC TAGS: plasma, plasma diagnostics, plasma spectroscopy, time-resolved study, plasma intensity distribution, line contour, faint plasma, weak plasma, helium plasma, helium(I), image intensifier, image converter, image translator, light amplifier

ABSTRACT: Conventional procedures for spectroscopic observation and diagnosis of weakly luminous short-lived (pulse-discharge) plasmas have a number of obvious shortcomings; even when employing fast photographic plates or sensitive photomultipliers it is generally necessary to record the radiation from several hundred discharges, in the course of which the conditions may change. Accordingly, recently several investigators have turned to the use of electron-optical image intensifiers (image converter tubes) with light amplification (V.F.Bolotin, Ye.K.Zavoysky, M.N. Oganov, G.Ye.Smolkin and A.R.Striganov, Izv.AN SSSR, Ser.fiz.27, 986, 1963; I.F.Bala-

Card 1/3

 ACC. NR: AP4020938

shov, N.P. Vanyukov, V.R. Muratov and Ye.V. Nilov, Opt.i. spektr. 9,790,1960; Ibid. 10, 540,1961). In the present paper there is described a procedure for recording the radiation from weakly luminous pulse-discharge plasmas, involving the use of an electron-optical image converter with a controlled PIM-3 input stage (M.M.Butslov, Usp.nauchn.fotografii,6,76,1959) and five light amplification stages. The electron image in the amplifying stages is focused by means of magnetic coils, similar to coils used in electron microscopes. The image scan in the input stage is realized by saw-toothed oscillators capable of providing 0.5, 1.5, 3, 6 or 12 millisec durations. The input stage sweep is driven and operates for the period of the scan. The sweep length on the screen of the converter is 30 mm. The image converter was tested in conjunction with a plasma device with helical fields. For spectroscopic measurements the tube was coupled to an ISP-51 spectrograph. Several time-resolved spectrograms of helium plasma are reproduced; in one figure a time-resolved section of the helium spectrum is compared with the spectrum photographed directly with an exposure of 200 pulse discharges. The image converter was also coupled to a Fabry-Perot interferometer for the purpose of obtaining time-resolved studies of individual line contours. This setup is diagramed. With the aid of the electron-optical image intensifier one can also obtain information on the spatial distribution in terms of selected monochromatic radiation in weakly luminous plasmas; this is rea

Card 2/3

ACC. NR: AP4020938

lized by the introduction of another pair of deflecting plates. Orig.art.has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 24May63

DATE ACQ: 02Apr64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH,SD

NR REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 000

3/3 Card

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001 CIA-F

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

ACC NR	AT6001558	SOURCE CODE: UR/3136/65/000/907/0001/003
AUTHOR:	Blinov, P. I.; Gavrilo	v, B. I.; Cheremykh, P.A.; Yashin, N. M.
ORG:	none	B+
TITLE: installs	Effect of a helical fition	ield on the ohmic heating of plasma in the S-1
SOURCE: vintovog	Moscow. Institut atom o polya na omicheskiy na	noy energii. Doklady, IAE-907, 1965. Vliyaniye agrev plazmy v ustanovke, 8-1, 1-35
TOPIC TA plasma 1	GS: helical magnetic fineating	ield, electron beam, plasma discharge, magnetic trap,
zation o	f the plasma filament.	explain the role of an helical magnetic field in the ge and retention of plasma in a trap, and the stability Based on the analysis of the first results of the shave been introduced into the S-l installation.
magnetic exis of	field, so that the defl the chamber (L = 617 cm)	oved the compensation of the lateral component of the lection of the electron beam after one turn along the did not exceed 1.5 mm. Thus the lateral component of the exceed 0.025%. Inside the chamber were
THE COTT C	i uwu ulau <i>nrau</i> ma with wa	arying diameters from 5 to 8 cm, without disturbing the scharge aperture. Additional resistance ranging from 1 to 1

L 25592-66

ACC NR. AT6001558

0.05 ohm to 0.6 ohm was introduced into the ignitron circuit diagram for ohmic heating. The behavior of plasma during four basic modes of operation of the S-l installation were compared. The discharge in all four modes of operation was studied at various circuit voltages. The voltages changed according to the cosine law in the form of rectangular impulses lasting l μ sec. at E = 0.1 v/sec and 100 μ sec at E = 0.5 v/cm, after which the voltage dropped again to E = 0.1 v/sec and gradually decreased. The authors conclude that the presence of an external helical field improves the conditions for the development of a discharge, particularly at low pressures. The electron temperature is somewhat higher. The external helical field affected slightly the electron concentration, which in the case of this work could be traced to deficiencies in the configuration of the magnetic field. Orig. art. has: 4 formulas, 20 figures, 3 tables.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 00/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 003

Card 2/2 //

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

AT IJP(c) 41033--66 EWT(1)

ACC NR: AP6013723

SOURCE CODE: UR/0089/66/020/004/0310/0315

AUTHOR: Blinov, P. I.; Gavrilov, B. I.; Cheremnykh, P. A.; Yashin, N. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: The influence of the helical magnetic field on ohmic plasma heating in the S-1 installation

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 20, no. 4, 1966, 310-315

TOPIC TAGS: plasma conductivity, plasma confinement, plasma heating, helical magnetic field

ABSTRACT: Ohmic plasma heating experiments showed earlier that the temperature and confinement time of the plasma depend strongly on the transverse component H1 of the magnetic field (L. A. Artsimovich, K. B. Kartashov, Dokl. AN SSSR, 146, 1305, 1962). In the present work, which was complete in 1963, the authors investigated experimentally the influence of a helical triple-thread magnetic field (with H1=0) on the development of the discharge, and the magnitude of the conductivity and the position stabilization of the plasma beam. Results in the form of diagrams cover the voltage and current oscillograms, the pressure dependence of the development time and maximum current, and the time dependence of plasma

Card 1/2

UDC: 533.9

conductivity, electron concentration, and current. Plasma radiation diagrams are also given. The electron temperature of 20—30 eV and ionic temperature of 10 eV correspond to a conductivity of 10 units (cgse system). The helical field improves the conditions for the development of the discharge and the heating of the plasma, while the confinement time of the plasma remains the same. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 6 figures. SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 11Sep65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 002	ACC NR: AP6013723				
The electron temperature of 20—30 eV and ionic temperature of 10 eV correspond to a conductivity of 10 ¹⁵ units (cgse system). The helical field improves the conditions for the development of the discharge and the heating of the plasma, while the confinement time of the plasma remains the same. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 6 figures.					
civity of 10 ¹⁵ units (cgse system). The helical field improves the conditions for the development of the discharge and the heating of the plasma, while the confinement time of the plasma remains the same. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 6 figures.					
of the discharge and the heating of the plasma, while the confinement time of the plasma remains the same. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 6 figures.					
mains the same. Orig. art. has: 2 formulas and 6 figures.					
				ent time of the pi	asma re-
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 11Sep65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 002	nains the same. Orig. art. has	: 2 formulas and t	ilgures.		
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: RSepon/ ORRORET: 000/ OTR REF. 002	TITE CODE. 90/ SUBM DATE.	Heards / ODIG B	FF. 005/ OTI	DET. 009	
	OB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE:	nsepos/ Onto N	EF: 005/ OII	I REF: UUZ	0
					£
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ISAYEV, Mikhail Porfir'yevich; ZARELIN, Vladimir Andreyevich; FISHER, S.Ya., red.; TEPLYAKOV, S.M., red.; YASHIN, P.M., red.; VORONTSOVA, Z.Z., tekhn. red.

[The IZh-56" and "IZh-IUpiter" motorcycles; construction, maintenance and driving] Mototsikly "IZh-56" i "IZh-IUpiter"; ustroistvo, ukhod i obsluzhivanie. Pod obshchei red. S.IA. Fishera i S.M.Tepliakova. Izhevsk, Udmurtskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1961. 207 p. (MIRA 15:3)

YASHIN, P. S.

Razmery peregorodok legkootdeliaemykh pribylei. (Vestn. Mash., 1948, no. 6, p. 43-47)

Dimensions of partitions of easily detachable heads.

DLC: TN4.V4

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001 CIA-RI

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

YASHIN, P. S.

Engr., Novo-Kramatorsk Machine Construction Factory, -c1948-.

"Casting of large parts using modified pig., Stal', No. 7, 1948

YASHIN, P. S.

USSR/Engineering - Foundry, Gating

Dec 51

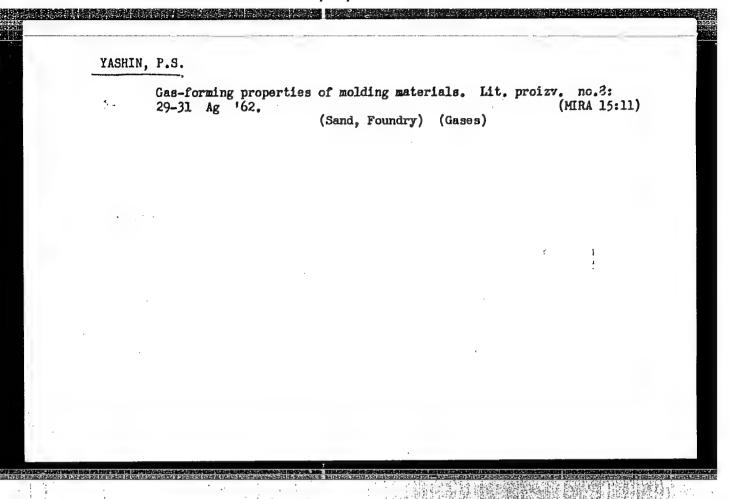
"New Method for Calculating Gate Systems," G. A. Ravich, P. S. Yashin, Engineers, Kramatorsk Plant imeni Ordzhonikidze

"Litey Proizvod" No 12, pp 21-23

REPRESENTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Analyzes process of metal movement in gate system, demonstrates inaccuracy of existing formula for calg gate systems and develops new formula which depicts more precisely actual conditions of filling mold with metal. Method permits dimensional detn of all components of gate system including skimming gates.

203T34



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

YASHIN, S.

12039

USSR/Machinery Manufacturing 4406. Oct 1947 Labor 5400.

"A Collective Adopts Advanced Technology," S. Yashin, Chm of Plant Committee of Krasnyy Oktyabr' Plant, 12 pp

"V Pomoshch' FZMK" Vol VIII, No 19

Krasnyy Oktyabr' Plant in Leningrad fulfilled its
October pledge on 15 Sep -- 52 days ahead of schedule,
partly as a result of adoption of new machine construction technique: high-speed cutting, mechanicalanode metal processing, and casting with high-quality
smelting. Outstanding workers and events at this
plant described.

LC

12039

YASHIN, S.I., ingh.

Impregnating shaped insole lips with sodium silicate. Lng. prom.

Impregnating shaped insole lips with sodium silicate. Lng. prom.

(MIRA 11:10)

18 no.9:54-55 S *58.

(Shoe manufacture)

TASHIN, S.P.

USSR/Corrosion - Protection From Corrosion.

J.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6868

Author

Alekperova, R.Yu., Buzdakov, A.P., Negreyev, V.F.,

Yashin, S.P.

Inst

Azerbaydzhan Scientific Research Institute of Petroleum

Recovery.

Title

: Investigation of Steel Corrosion by Underground Waters

Under Elevated Pressure.

Orig Pub

: Tr. Azerb. n.-i. in-ta po dobyche nefti, 1955, No 2,

420-431

Abstract

At a number of oil fields intensive localized corrosion of pipe lines occurs due to the fact that a mixture of petroleum and underground water, and natural gas containing CO₂ (up to 32%), and sometimes also H₂S (0.03 - 0.04%) are flowing through them to the sttling tanks and separator under a pressure of 2.5 atmospheres. Collector pipes made from St.2 steel developed corrosion holes within

Card 1/3

USSR/Corrosion - Protection From Corrosion.

J.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6868

6-8 months of operation. To study the effect of gases, dissolved in ground waters (hard and alkaline), on rate of corrosion (RC) of steel at elevated pressure, tests were conducted with specimens held on glass supports within an enameled steel bomb. Water was introduced into the bomb, to displace the air, and pressure of 4.8 and 16 atmospheres was produced therein by the use of carbon dioxide. In some of the experiments the water was first saturated with air of HoS and the pressure was then produced with CO2. The experiments revealed that increased pressure and presence of CO2 do not increase RC of steel in alkaline ground water, and increase it somewhat in hard underground water. Increase in pressure, from 4 to 16 atmospheres, has little effect of RC. In the presence of H2S and CO2 some steels undergo subsurface corrosion, with formation of bulges and blisters, evidently due to evolution of hydrogen and its diffusion

Card 2/3

USSR/Corresion - Protection From Corresion.

J.

Abs Jour : REf Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6868

into the metal. In contrast with hard underground water this phenomenon does not take place in alkaline water, due to higher pH values. Metallographic investigations of the specimens indicate a probable correlation between formation of blisters and presence of non-metallic inclusions in the steel and striated structure of the latter. Areas of subsurface corrosion evidently constitute, after the breakdown of projections, foci of local corrosion to which must be attributed intensive localized corrosion of pipes at oilfields where the water contains, in addition to CO₂, H₂S and O₂. In providing collecting systems for enclosed working of oil wells the output of which contains H₂S, the authors recommend avoiding the use of pipes made from mild steel and checking of microstructure fo the pipe metal.

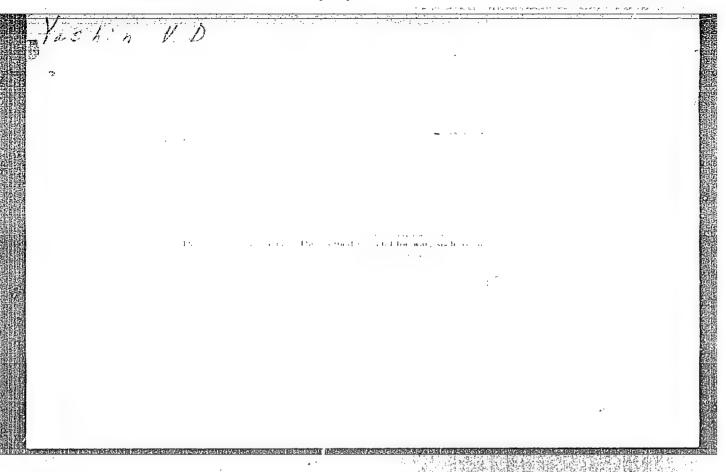
Card 3/3

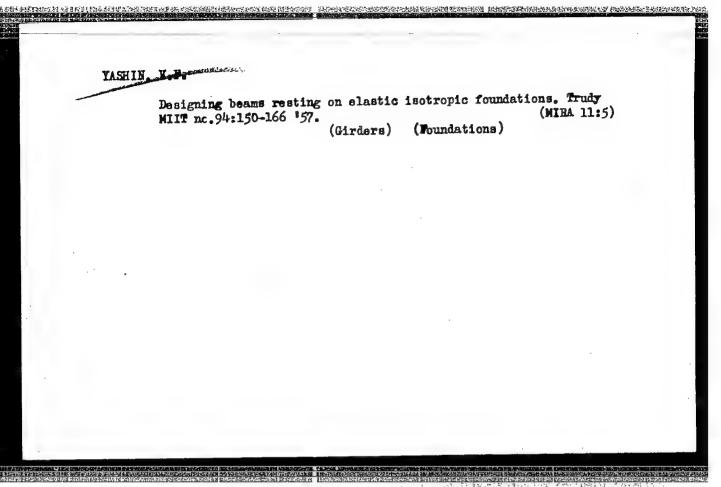
LIST BU

TSIMBLER, Yu.A.; YASHE, V.A.

Instruments for the monitoring and control of the thickness of the walls of steel pipelines and reservoirs. Transp. 1 khran. nefti i nefteprod. no.7:29-33 464. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Spetsielinoya konstruktorskoye byuro "Transreftinyt matika".





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

YASHIN, V.F.

124-58-6-7044D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 6, p 108 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Yashin, V.F.

TITLE: An Investigation of the Bending of Beams Resting on an Elastic

Isotropic Foundation (Issledovaniye izgiba balok, lezhashchikh

na uprugom izotropnom osnovanii)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree

of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Mosk. in-tinzh. zh.-d. transp. (Moscow Institute of Rail Transportation

Engineering), Moscow, 1957

ASSOCIATION: Mosk. in-t inzh. zh. -d. transp. (Moscow Institute of Rail

Transportation Engineering), Moscow

1. Beams--Analysis 2. Stress analysis

Card 1/1

BARCHENKO, N.I.; KOLPAKOV, A.M.; FIGURINA, Z.G.; YASHIN, V.I., Starshiy instruktor

Effect of balloon treekers on the breakage of staple yarn No.40 in unwinding. Tekst.prom. 21 no.6:35-36 Je *61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Istominskoy pryadilino-tkatskoy fabriki (for Barchenko). 2. Nachalinik tkatskogo proizvodstva Istomkinskoy pryadilino-tkatskoy fabriki (for Kolpakov). 3. Nachalinik prigotovitelinogo tsekha Istomkinskoy pryadilino-tkatskoy fabriki (for Figurina).

(Tortile machinery)

(Textile machinery)
(Yarn)

KOLPAKOV, A.M.; FIGURINA, Z.G.; YASHIN, V.I.

Effect of ballon dividers on the breakage of yarn during winding. Tekst. prom. 22 no.7:40-42 J1 62.

(MIRA 17:1)

1. Nachal'nik tkatskogo proizvodstva Istomkinskoy pryadil'no-tkatskoy fabriki (for Kolpakov). 2. Nachal'nik prigotovitel'-nogo otdela Istomkinskoy pryadil'no-tkatskoy fabriki (for Figurina). 3. Starshiy instruktor Istomkinskoy pryadil'no-tkatskoy fabriki (for Yashin).

ALEKSIN, V.F.; YASHIN, V.I.

[Study of plasma stability with the aid of the generalized energy principle] Ob issledovanii ustoichivosti plazmy s pomoshch'iu obobshchennogo energeticheskogo printsipa.

Khar'kov, Fiziko-tekhn. in-t AN USSR, 1960. 343-352 p.

(MIRA 17:2)

YASHIN, V.I.

[Stability of a cylindrical plasma filament] Issledovanie ustoichivosti tsilindricheskogo plazmennogo shnura. Khar'kov, Fiziko-tekhn. in-t AN USSR, 1960. 369-379 p. (MIRA 17:1)

(Plasma (Ionozed gases))

83775

s/056/60/039/003/035/045 B006/B063

26.1410

AUTHORS:

Aleksin, V. F., Yashin, V. I.

....,

TITLE:

A Study of the Stability of a Plasma With the Aid of a

Generalized Energy Principle

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1960,

Vol. 39, No. 3(9), pp. 822-826

TEXT: If collisions are infrequent, the generalized energy principle proposed by M. D. Kruskal and S. B. Oberman (Ref. 1) can be applied to study the stability of a plasma; this is why the magnetohydrodynamic approximation is not valid any longer in this case. According to this energy principle, the only necessary and sufficient condition for the plasma stability to be conserved is that $\delta W \geqslant 0$ for energy variations occurring in the plasma as a result of possible disturbances. So far, the application of the generalized energy principle has been restricted to the demonstration of the comparison theorems regardless of a charge neutrality of the plasma; according to those theorems, a variation in energy due to disturbances is bounded at the lower limit by an energy variation in

Card 1/3

A Study of the Stability of a Plasma With the Aid of a Generalized Energy Principle **83775** \$/056/60/039/003/035/045 B006/B063

magnetohydrodynamic approximation, and at the upper limit by the approximation of Chew, Goldberger, and Low. In the present paper, the authors employ this principle and, in addition, consider charge neutrality to formulate new comparison theorems for a plasma in a magnetic field, which does not change along the lines of force. The stability conditions are found for a plasma with an arbitrary anisotropic velocity distribution of the particles and situated in a cylindrically symmetric magnetic field. The stability of a plasma in a longitudinal, cylindrical-symmetric magnetic field ($H_r=0$, $H_{\psi}=0$, $H=H_z(r)$) is first investigated, and, from the minimization, δW , the sufficient conditions for the plasma stability are obtained; $\eta=H^2/4\pi+p_1-p_{_{|||}}\geqslant 0$; $\gamma=H^2/4\pi+2p_1+2q\geqslant 0$. Then, the authors study the stability of a plasma in an azimuthal magnetic field ($H_r=H_z=0$, $H=H_{\psi}(r)$). The relation $H^2/4\pi+p_1+2p_1+r\frac{d}{dr}(p_1+p_1)$ $H=H_{\psi}(r)$. The relation $H^2/4\pi+p_1+2p_1+r\frac{d}{dr}(p_1+p_1)$ $H=H_{\psi}(r)$ of sobtained for the necessary and sufficient condition $H^2/4\pi+2p_1$ $H=H_{\psi}(r)$ 0.

for the plasma stability with m=0 (m - particle mass). For $m\neq 0$, besides Card 2/3

83775

A Study of the Stability of a Plasma With the Aid of a Generalized Energy Principle

S/056/60/039/003/035/045 B006/B063

the conditions $\eta \geqslant 0$ and $\gamma \geqslant 0$, also the condition $(m^2-2)\eta - rd\eta/dr - (m^2\eta + k^2r^2\gamma)^{-2} \{\eta \delta [m^2(k^2r^2-m^2)\eta + k^2(m^2+k^2r^2)r^2\gamma] + m^2r[k^2r^2\delta^2d\eta/dr] - (k^2r^2+m^2)\eta^2d\delta/dr] \} \geqslant 0$ is given; $(\delta = \eta - \gamma)$. The conditions for an isotropic plasma, for both m = 0 and $m \neq 0$, are taken from a paper by B. B. Kadomtsev. The authors thank A. I. Akhiyezer, K. N. Stepanov, and A. B. Kitsenko for their advice and discussions. A. A. Vedenov and R. Z. Sagdeyev are mentioned. There are 4 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk Ukrainskoy SSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Academy of Sciences Ukrainskaya SSR)

SUBMITTED:

April 23, 1960

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8"

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

ALEKSIN, V.F.; YASHIN, V.I.

NAMED BY STATES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

Stability of plasma column with anisotropic particle velocity distribution and arbitrary current distribution. Zhur. eksp. i twor. fiz. 40 no.4:1115-1118 Ap *61. (MIRA 14:7)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \underline{L\ 15115-65} & \text{EWT}(1)/\text{EWG}(k)/\text{EPA}(sp)-2/\text{EPA}(w)-2/\text{EEC}(t)/\text{T/EEC}(b)-2/\text{EWA}(m)-2} \\ \underline{Pz-6/Po-4/Pab-10/Pi-4} & \text{ESD}(t)/\text{ESD}(dp)/\text{ESD}(c)/\text{ESD}(gs)/\text{AEDC}(b)/\text{SSD}/\text{SSD}(b)/\\ \underline{BSD/AFWL/ASD}(a)-5/\text{ASD}(f)-2/\text{ASD}(p)-3/\text{AFETR/RAEM}(a)/\text{IJP}(c) & \text{AT} \end{array}$

ACCESSION NR: AP4044166

\$/0185/64/009/008/0839/0845

AUTHOR: Aleksin, V. F.; Yashy*n, V. Y. (Yashin, V. I.)

TITLE: Propagation of nonstationary longitudinal waves in an isotropic plasma

SOURCE: Ukrayins'ky*y fizy*chny*y zhurnal, v. 9, no. 8, 1964, 839-845

TOPIC TAGS: nonstationary plasma wave, signal propagation, plasma, relativistic plasma

ABSTRACT: The authors have investigated the propagation of the nonstationary plasma waves (signals) which are generated by a disturbance of the density of charged particles in an isotropic relativistic plasma. The shape and the velocity of the signal propagation in the plasma without collisions have been studied at distances large in comparison with the size of the original disturbance. The front of the signal propagates with the speed of light, and the maximum of the signal-with the speed which is of the order of that of thermal electrons. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 32 equations.

Card 1/2

L 16115-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4044166

ASSOCIATION: Fizy*ko-tekhnichny*y insty*tut AN URSR, Kharkiv (Physico-Technical Institute, AN URSR)

SUBMITTED: 21Nov63 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: ME NO REF SOV: 004 OTHER: 001

- L 41112-66 ENT(1) IJP(c) GG/AT/GD

ACC NR: AT6020566

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0060/0070

AUTHOR: Aleksin, V. F.; Yashin, 'V. I.

56

BH

ORG: none

TITLE: <u>Dielectric permittivity</u> of plasma in a linear corrugated and linear helical magnetic fields

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Vysokochastotnyye svoystva plazmy (High frequency properties of plasma). Kiev. Naukovo dumka, 1965, 60-70

TOPIC TAGS: dielectric penetrability, helical magnetic field, inhomogeneous plasma, plasma stability

ABSTRACT: Permittivity and electrical conductivity tensors of plasmas with helical and corrugated magnetic fields are investigated in connection with the problem of plasma instabilities that have been found to appear in weakly inhomogeneous plasma. These tensors are derived with the aid of the Shafranov method which requires the calculation of particle trajectories in the absence of the equilibrium electric fields. The trajectories are found for the vortex-free corrugated linear fields of cylindrical symmetry for plasma with negligible particle pressures, without axial currents. This is combined with the distribution functions (Maxwellian distribution in equilibrium) and space-dependent conductivity and permittivity terms are derived. Similar computation

Card 1/2

ACC HR: AT602056			
polarization tens considerably simp maximum and minim	melical fields in plasmas we sor for the plasma is also cliffied if the wavelength output radii of the magnetic solasma stability. Orig. ar	derived. In both cases, foscillations is much grurfaces. The derived res	the results are eater than the
SUB CODE: 20/	SUBM DATE: 19Nov65/	ORIG REF: 006	
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ACC NRI AP7005695

(A) SOURCE CODE:

UR/0413/67/000/002/0184/0185

INVENTOR: Yashin, V. M.

ORG: None

TITLE: An indicator for keeping track of engine operation. Class 43, No. 83359

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2, 1967, 184-185

TOPIC TAGS: engine performance characteristic, test instrumentation, tachometer, time measurement

ABSTRACT: This Author's Certificate introduces: 1. An indicator for keeping track of engine operation with possible application to tank engines. The installation contains a tachometer, speedometer, odometer and timer. The unit incorporates a device connected to the tachometer for periodically winding and starting the timer for engine operation indicators with and without a load, and also a device connected to the speedometer for commutation of the indicators which keep track of engine operating time with and without a load. 2. A modification of this indicator in which the timer is automatically started simultaneously with the engine. The brake lever is connected through an intermediate lever to a third lever located on the tachometer axle. 3. A modification of this indicator in which the device for automatic periodic winding of the timer is made in the form of a worm fastened to the bottom of a centrifugal regulator for the tachometer and connected to a loose-running worm wheel. This wheel is

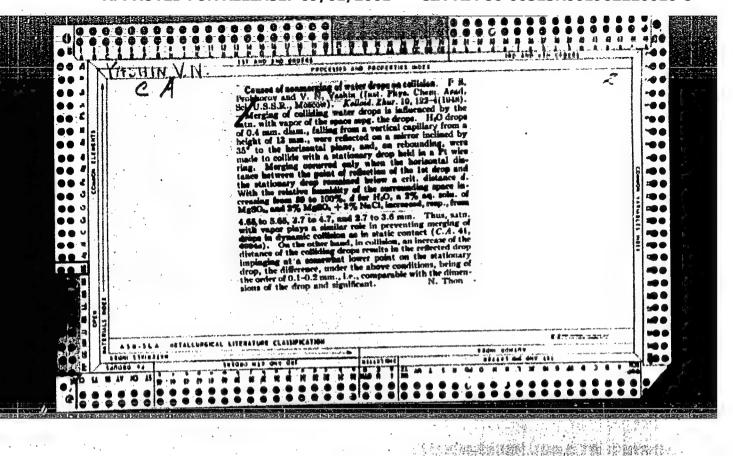
Card 1/2

ĺ	ACC NR: AP7005695	
	oupled to the winding stem of the timer through a disc clutch on a spring-loaded ever which interacts with a dog connected through a lever drive to a lug on the clock ear. 4. A modification of this indicator in which the device for winding the timer s disengaged by connection of the lug on the clock gear to the coupling clutch	
	hrough the lever drive and dog. 5. A modification of this indicator in which the decided for automatic commutation of the indicators for keeping track of engine operation ice for automatic commutation of the indicators for keeping track of engine operation.	
	al regulator of the speedometer. This lever has forks for alternately sufficient ngaging the indicator gears with the clock drive gear.	
	UB CODE: 21/ BUBM DATE: 13Jun47	
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YASHIN, V.N.; TOPOROV, Yu.P.

Use of silicones as lubricants for surgical instruments. Med. prom. 16 no.4:38-42 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut eksperimental'noy khirurgicheskoy apparatury i instrumentov. (SILICONES) (SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS)



Apparatus for artificial circulation with automatic electroprogratic installation 171

Noyye khirurgicheskie apparaay i instrumenty i opyt ikh primeneniye (New SURGICAL Equipment and Instruments and Experience in Their Use) NO. 1, Moscow, 1957 A collection of Papers of the Scientific Research Inst. for Experimental Surgical Equipment and Instruments.

NIIEKLAXI

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

ANAN'YEV, M.G.; YASHIN, V.N.

Hydrophobic silicon organic substances in surgery. Med.prom.
12 no.3:34-37 Mr '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Mauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut eksperimental'noy
khirurgicheskoy apparatury i instrumentov.

(SILICON ORGANIC COMPOUNDS) (SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS)

DERYAGIN, B.V.; GORODETSKAYA, A.V.; TITIYEVSKAYA, A.S.; YASHIN, V.N.

Disjoining pressure of electrolyte solutions on polarized mercury. Koll.zhur. 23 no.5:535-543 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

l. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR i Laboratoriya poverkhnostnykh yavleniy, Moskva. (Electrolyte solutions) (Films (Chemistry)) (Electrocapillary phenomena)

KAZENNOV, M.N.; YASHIN, V.P.

Interrepublic school on the commution of nonferrous metal ores. Obog. rud. 8 no.3:51-52 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

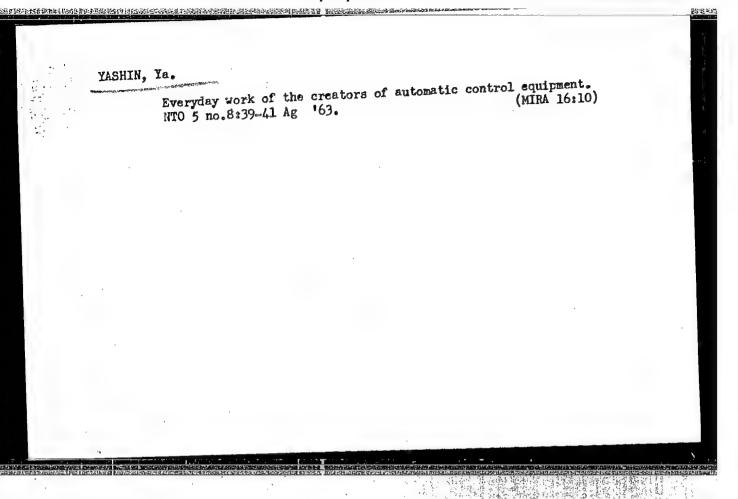
MITIN, Valentin Semenovich, master sporta SSSR; YASHIN, V.V., nauchn. red.; GRIBAKIN, D.V., red.izd-va; GURDZHIYEVA, A.M., tekhn. red.

[About the hold and courageous; notes of a flier and parachutist] O smelykh i otvazhnykh; zapiski aviatora-parashiutista. Leningrad, Ob-vo "Znanie" RSFSR, 1963. 59 p. (MIRA 17:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

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ZHDANOV, S.P.; KALMANOVSKIY, V.I.; KISELEV, A.V.; FIKS, M.M.; YASHIN, Ya.I.

Use of porous glasses as adsorbents in gas chromatography.

Zhur.fiz.khim. 36 no.5:1118-1120 My '62. (MIRA 15:8)

l. Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR; Opytno-konstruktorskoye byuro avtomatiki Gosudarstvennogo komiteta khimicheskoy promyshlennosti pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR, Dzerzhinskiy filial i Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova, khimicheskiy fakul'tet.

(Glass) (Adsorbents) (Gas chromatography)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

L 13516-63 EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EVT(m)/BDS Pr-4/Pc-4 RM/WW/AB
ACCESSION NR: AP3002780 S/0204/63/003/003/0417/0424

AUTHOR: Zhdanov. S. P.; Kiselev, A. V.; Yashin, Ya. I.

17-06

TIFLE: Utilization of large-pore glass in gas-chromatographic separations of liquid hydrocarbons

SOURCE: Neftekhimiya, v. 3, no. 3, 1963, 417-424

TOPIC TAGS: adsorption chromatography, alkane, aromatic hydrocarbon, alkylbenzene, ethane, benzene, hydrocarbon gas chromatography

ABSTRACT: A gas-adsorption chromatographic method for the separation of normal alkanes and aromatic hydrocarbons using large-pore glass at temperatures up to 1500 has been proposed. The investigation of the dependence of the effectiveness of the columns with the large-pore glass on the linear velocity of the carrier has shown a possibility of utilizing such columns at great linear velocities. From the chromatograms obtained at various temperatures, the heat of adsorption of a number of hydrocarbons on the hydroxylated silica surface has been determined. The heat of adsorption of normal alkanes and normal alkylbenzenes increases linearly with the increase of number of atoms of hydrogen. The heat of adsorption of ethylene is greater than the heat of adsorption of ethane, and the heat of adsorption of benzene and alkylbenzene is greater than the heats of adsorption of the corresponding Cord 1/2

L 13516-63 ACCESSION NR: AP3002780

n-alkenes as a result of the specific interactions of the W-electronic bonds with the surface hydroxyl groups. The heat of adsorption values determined chromatographically agree with the values obtained calorimetrically. "The authors express their gratitude to Ye. V. Koramal'di, I. G. Gulishambarov, and Ye. Yu. Upervitskiy for their help in conducting these experiments, and to A. N. Burov and V. I. Kalmanovskiy for the discussion of this work." Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 7 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya adsorbtsii i gazovoy khromatografii khimicheskogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. M. V. Lomonosova (Laboratory of
Adsorption and Gas Chromatography of the Department of Chemistry, Moscow State University); Dzerzhinskiy filial CKBA Goskhimkomiteta i Laboratoriya silikatny*kh sorbentov Instituta khimii silikatov AN SSSR (Dzerzhinskiy branch of CKBA Goskhimkomitet and Laboratory of Silicate Sorbents of the Institute of the chemistry of silicates, Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 11Dec62

DATE ACQ: 23Jul63

ENCL: 00

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NO REF SOV: 010

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

ZHDANOV, S.P.; KISELEV, A.V.; YASHIN, Ya.I.

Use of porous film-coated gramulated glasses in gas chromatography. Zhur. fiz. khim. 37 no.6:1432-1434 Je '63. (MIRA 16:7)

l. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova, Dzerzhinskiy filial Opytno-konstruktorskogo byuro avtomatiki Gosudarstvennogo komiteta khimicheskoy promyshlemosti pri Sovete Ministrov i Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR. (Gas chromatography)

KISELEV, A.V.; YASHIN, Ya.I.

Temperature dependence of the specific interaction of nonpolar molecules with cationized surfaces of zeolites from gas chromatography data. Zhur. fiz. khim. 37 no.11:2614-2615 Nº63. (MIRA 17:2)

l. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova, khimicheskiy fakulitet.

KISELEV, A.V.; YASHIN, Ya.I.

Effect of the structure of silica gels on the gas-chromatographic separation of hydrocarbons. Neftekhimia 4 no.3:494-500 My-Je 164. (MIRA 19:2)

1. Khimicheskiy fakul tet Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. Lomonosova i Opytno-konstruktorskoye byuro avtomatiki.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

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42

AUTHOR: Kiselev, A. V.; Yashin, Ya. I.

B

TITIE: Gas-chromatographic determination of the absolute values of the retainable volumes and heats of adsorption of hydrocarbons on silica gels of various structures

SCURCE: Neftekhimiya, v. 4, no. 4, 1964, 634-640

TOPIC TAGS: gas chromatography, hydrocarbon, silica, temperature, physical chemistry Abstract: The influence of the geometrical structure of silica gels on the differential heats of adsorption and absolute values of the retainable volumes of certain C_1 - C_{10} hydrocarbons (methane, ethylene, propane, propylene, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, honsane, and decane) was investigated. The heats of adsorption of the C_1 - C_{10} hydrocarbons on silican gels of various porosities were determined from chromatograms obtained at various temperatures. An increase in the heats of adsorption with decreasing average pore diameter and with increasing number of carbon atoms in the n-alkane molecule was observed for fine-pored silica gels. When the pores were expanded, a limiting linear dependence of the differential heats of adsorption on the number of carbon atoms in the molecule was established. The difference in the heats of adsorption of saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons with the same number of carbon atoms, characterizing the influ-Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

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ACCESSION NR: AP5010008

ence of the specific interactions of the pi-electron bons with the hydroxyl groups of the silica gel surface, was found to be practically independent of its geometrical structure. The absolute (related to unit surface) values of the retainable volumes were obtained for normal hydrocarbons. "The authors thank Yu. S. Nikitin for his allotment of wide-pore silica gels, and A. V. Dryckhlova and Yo. Yu. Upervitakiy for their participation in the experimental work. Orig. art. has 4 graphs and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvonnyy universitet im. H. V. Lomonosova, Khimicheskiy fakul'tet (Chemistry Faculty, Moscow State University); Opytno-konstruktorskoye byuro avtomatiki (Experimental Lesign Office of Automation)

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SUB CODE: GC, OC

NO REF SOV: 019

OTHER: 002

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Card 2/2 me

KISELEV, A.V.; NIKITIN, Yu.S.; SAVINOVA, N.K.; SAVINOV, I.M.; YASHIN, Ya.I.

Use of macroporous silica gels for gas chromatographic analysis at high temperatures. Zhur. fiz. khim. 38 no.9:2328-2330 S '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova, khimicheskiy fakuliteta.

ACCESSION NR - APSOCHOSA

5/0204/65/005/001/0141/01+8

AUTHOR: Kiselev, A. V., Cherren'kova, Yu. L.; Yashin, Ya. I.

TITLE: Use of granulated zeolites (molecular sieves) for the gas chromatographic separation of gases and hydrocarbons

SOURCE: Neftekhimiya, v. 5, no. 1, .965, 141-148

TOPIC TAGS: gas chromatography, granulated zeolite, molecular sieve, hydrocarbon separation, helium purification, air fractionation

ABSTRACT: Experimental results are presented for the efficiency of granulated or pelleted zeolites 5A, 10kh and 13kh in the gas chromatographic separation of helium, nitrogen, oxygen and C₁-C₃ and nigher aliphatic hydrocarbon, and for the effects of carrier velocity, temperature and grain size on separation. Cerlites from the Gor'kovskaya opythaya baza Vscsoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skeep instituta po pererabotka nefti (Gor'ki experiment station of the All-union petroleum processing scientific research institute) and Linde zeolites were deby trated for 3-4 hrs. at 450-600C before their evaluation as column packings. The height of equivalent theoretical plates for the separation of oxygen, nitrogen and methane was shown to decrease with grain size and optimal values were measured at

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L 33229-5

ACCESSION NR: AP5006084

linear carrier gas velocities of 2.5-7 cm/sec. Temperature did not significantly affect the separation of hydrocarbons. Type 13kh zeolite is recommended for analysis of 0.-0, hydrocarbons at 1.00 but it does not give well-defined to associately, a finite hydrocarbon at 1.00 but it does not give well-defined to associately, a finite hydrocarbon are incompetative sensitivity in the separation carbon separations and the various effects of zeolite humidity on the separation of 5.00 hydrocarbon pairs can be used to achieve satisfactory separation of such sixtons. The authors mank B. A. Tipkind for supplying the stiding of the sensitive and by a linear supplying the stiding of the sensitive and by a linear supplying the stiding of the sensitive and the sensitive experimental stiding of the sensitive and the sensitive experimental stiding of the sensitive sensitive experimental stiding of the sensitive sensitive sensitive sensitives.

has: 3 tables, 5 figures and 2 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova (Moscow state university); Opytno-konstruktorskoye byuro avtomatiki Gosudarstvennogo komiteta po khimii (Automotion experimental design bureau, State chemistry committee)

SUEMITTED: 28Dac63 ,

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: GC, NP

NO REF SOV: 010

OTHER: 030

Card 2/2

NEPRIMEROV, N.N.; SHARAGIN, A.G.; YASHIN, Ye.I.; PLATONOV, Yu.K.; KUKUSHKIN, N.M.

Investigating acting gas wells with combined KGU remote-control devices. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 7 no.7:101-106 '64.

NEPRIMEROV, N.N.; SHARAGIN, A.G.; YASHIN, Yo.I.; PLATONOV, Yu.I.; KUKUSHKIN, N.M.

Study of active gaz wells using complex remote control instruments of the Kazan State University. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 7 no.10:39-44 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Kazanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V.I. Ul'yanova-Lenina.

SMOLYAK, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; YASHIN, Yu.F., inzh.; UZLYUK, V.N., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: BALYUK, F.B.; KONOVALOV, M.S.; SEL'DYAKOV, M.I.; TREGUB, N.G.; POLOVCHENKO, Yu.I.; KHODOROVSKIY, S.S.; CHERNYY, A.A.; YEVSEYEV, A.N.; KOVALENKO, I.A.

Radiometric investigation of blast furnace tuyers zones. Stal' 21 no.9:777-782 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Dneprodzerzhinskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod-vtuz i Zavod im. Dzerzhinskogo.
(Blast furnaces)

YASHIN, Yu.; EFLOKRINITSKIY, Ye.

Standardization of the fuel tanks of the UAZ motortrucks. Avt.
transp. 43 no.1:39 Ja '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

CHECHURO, A.N., laureat Leninskoy premii; KOLESNIK, I.L., starshiy proizvodstvennyy master; YASHIN, Yu.F.

Removal of flame pulsation in air preheaters. Metallurg 6 no.9:3-4 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Nachal'nik domennogo tsekha zavoda imeni Dzerzhinskogo (for Chechuro). 2. Rukovoditel' tekhnologicheskoy gruppy zavoda imeni Dzerzhinskogo (for Yashin).

(Air preheaters) (Flame)

GOTLIB, A.D., prof.; FOLOVCHENKO, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; LEVCHENKO, V.Ye., irzh.; CHECHURO, A.N., inzh.; KHARCHENKO, N.M., inzh.; YASHIN, Yu.F., inzh.

Blast furnace operations with use of screened sinter. Biul.
TSIICHH no.2:12-15 '61. (MIRA 14:9)
(Blast furnaces)

SOKOLOV, S.G. Vend. tekhn. nauk; TRUSOVA, V.N., 1nzh.; YASHIN, Yu.N., inzh.

Electrical and aerodynamic characteristics of screw shaped suspension insulators. Elek. sta. 36 no.2:59-62 F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

ACC NR: AP7001212

SOURCE CODE: UR/0141/66/009/006/1108/1116

AUTHOR: Yashin, Yu. Ya.

ORG: Scientific-Research Institute of Radiophysics, Gor'kiy University (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy radiofizicheskiy institut pri Gor'kovskom universitete)

TITLE: Geometrical optics method applied to the theory of electromagnetic-wave propagation in a gyrotropic medium

SOURCE: IVUZ. Radiofizika, v. 9, no. 6, 1966, 1108-1116

TOPIC TAGS: geometric optics, electromagnetic wave propagation, gyrotropic medium

ABSTRACT: Insufficient attention was paid to the polarization of electromagnetic waves in some published Western articles on this subject (H. Poeverlein, Phys. Rev., 128, 956, 1962; J. Bazer et al., J. Geoph. Res., 68, 147, 1963). The

Card 1/2

UDC: 535.31:621.371.122

ACC NR: AP7001212

present article describes, in geometrical-optics terms, the propagation of electromagnetic waves in a slightly inhomogeneous gyrotropic medium. The behavior of field vectors, in the zero approximation of the method, is considered in the case when the medium characteristics are describable by the Hermetian tensor of dielectric constant \mathcal{E}_{ij} . The medium characteristics are assumed to be stationary. Energy flow in a gyrotropic medium and field-vector rotation are described; deformation of polarization ellipsoid is considered. "In conclusion, the author wishes to thank B. N. Gershman for discussing the results, and Yu. A. Kravtsov for his valuable comments." Orig. art. has: 50 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 28Feb66 / ORIG REF: 008 / OTH REF: 005

Card 2/2

L 21722-66 E-T(d)/FSS-2/E-T(1)/ETG(f)/EPF(n)-2/E-G(m) IJP(c) GG/AT ACC NR: APG004873 SOURCE CODE: UR/0057/66/036/001/0013/0024 AUTHOR: Yashin, Yu. Ya. ORG: none 21,44,55 $\frac{6}{3}$ in a plasma located in the magnetic field TITIE: Propagation of electromagnetic waves of a constant linear current SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no. 1, 1966, 13-24 TOPIC TAGE: plasma electromagnetic wave, plasma wave propagation, plasma wave absorption, plasma wave reflection, nonhomogeneous magnetic field, electric current, electromagnetic wave refraction ABSTRACT: The author discusses the propagation of electromagnetic waves in an axially available plasma in the presence of the magnetic field due to a constant line current flowing along the symmetry axis. Only waves propagating in a plane perpendicular to the symmetry axis are considered. The calculations were under aken rather to disclose general features of the influence of curvature of magnetic lims of force on the propagation of waves in plasmas than because of any significance ascribed to the particular configuration of plasma and field. The calculations are performed in the geometric optics approximation, i.e., it is assumed that the wavelength is long compared with the distance within which the properties of the plasma change significantly and ion motions, collisions, and space dispersion are neglected. From the known ex-UDC: 533.9 Card 1/2

L 21722-66

ACC NR: APG004873

pression for the dielectric tensor in this approximation the eikonal equation is derived and is discussed at length. Considerations for the propagation and refraction of the ordinary and extraordinary waves are derived and the locations of the reflection points are found. Some features of the propagation are compared with analogous features for the case of a laminar plasma in an inhomogeneous magnetic field with rectilinear lines of force. It is shown that there can exist propagation channels (regions of transparency) bounded by regions of absorption, even when the magnetic field strength and the plasma density vary monotonically with the space coordinates. Within the propagation channel the energy is propagated along the lines of force of the external magnetic field. The author thanks B.N.Gershman for assistance and discussions. Orig. art. has: 42 formulas and 3 figures.

SUB CODE: 20/

SUBM DATE: 22Mar65/

ORIG REF: 008

OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2 UV

GRUSHMAN, Roman Petrovich, inzh.; YASHINA, Ada Gavrilovna; KCMAROVSKIY, M.F., red.; FOMICHEV, A.G., red. izd-va; GVIRTS, V.L., tekhn. red.

[Asbestos-paper cord; practice in the manufacture and use of the new heat-insulating material] Asbestobumazhnyi shnur; opyt izgotovleniia i primeneniia novogo teploizoliatsionnogo materiala. Leningrad, 1962. 8 p. (Leningradskii Dom nauchnotekhnicheskom propagandy. Obmen peredovym opytom. Seriia: Stroitel'naia promyshlennost', no.1) (MIRA 15:3) (Asbestos) (Insulation (Heat))

OKSMAN, I. M.; YASHINA. A. I.; BASHAROVA, O. M.

Teeth - Diseases

Histological changes in the nerves of the pulp and crusta petrosa in "amphodentosis" (paradentosis). Stomatologica No. 3, 1952

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.

OKSMAN, I.M., professor; YASHINA, A.I., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk.

Innervation of pericementum. Stomatologiia no.2:3-7 Mr-Ap '54.
(MLRA 7:4)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedicheskoy stomatologii stomatologicheskogo fakul'teta Molotovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(Taeth) (Nerves)

DOIGOPOL'SKIY, I.M.; DOBLER, Z.F.; YASHINA, A.P.; TROFIMOVA, P.N.

Polymerization of vinyl acetylene. Zhur. prikl. khim. 31 no.8:1234-1240
Ag '58.

(Polymerization) (Butenyne)

CHECHURO, A.N., inzh.; KOLESNIK, I.L., inzh.; YASHIN, Yu.F.

Eliminating the pulsation burning of gas in air preheaters. Stal 24 no.5:406-408 My 164. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Dneprovskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod im. Dzerzhinskogo.

YASHINA, A.V.

Snow slides in the Caucasus. Friroda 46 no.7:113 J1 157.

1. Institut geografii Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva. (Caucasus--Avalanches)

AUTHOR:

Yashina, A.V.,

26-58-5-37/57

TITLE:

Wet Snow Avalanches (Mokryye snezhnyye laviny)

PERIODICAL: Priroda, 1958, Nr 5, p 111 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Information is given on wet snow avalanches in the Verkhnii Baksan region of the Central Caucasus. There is 1 photo.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut geografii Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva (Institute of

Geography of the USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow)

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 1/1

1. Snow avalanches

AUTHOR: Yashina, A.V.

SOY-26-58-10-50/51

TITLE:

In the Upper Reaches of the River Baksan (V verkhov'yakh

reki Baksan)

PERIODICAL:

Priroda, 1958, Nr 10, pp 127 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Late-autumn in the upper reaches of the River Baksan,

Central Caucasus, is described.

ASSOCIATION:

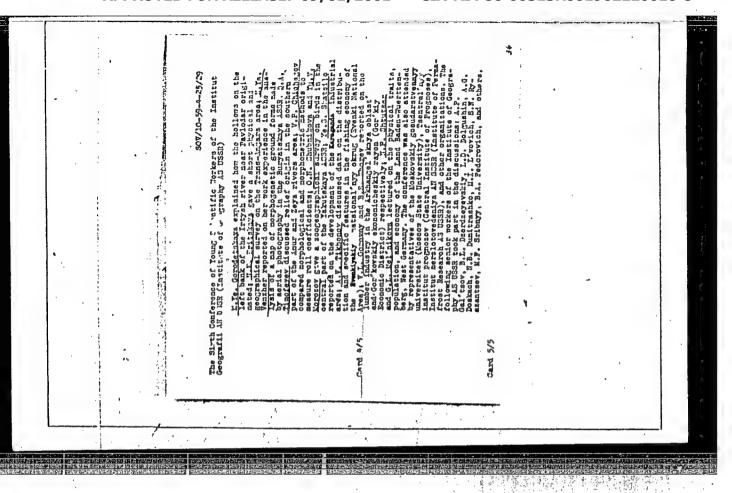
Institut geografii Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Geography,

Academy of Sciences, USSR) (Moscow)

1. Climate--USSR

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S/169/62/000/012/045/095 D228/D307

AUTHORS:

Akhvlediani, Ya.R. and Yashina, A.V.

TITLE:

Snow brightness indicatrix and solar radiation

attenuation within the snow cover

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 12, 1962, 26, abstract 128194 (Tr. El'brussk. vysokogorn. kompleksn. ekspeditsii, v. 1 (4), Nal'chik, 1959, 105-123)

The brightness distribution along the snow surface TEMT: was measured at different elevations of the sun. A photoelectric photometer with a monochromator was used for the measurements. The phenomenon of back light reflection from the snow cover was detected. The nature of the brightness distribution along the snow surface depends on the structure of the snow cover. Peak brightnesses on the wavelengths 500 and 700 mm were found for all types of snow cover; a second maximum in the range 450-550 mm was found for a snow cover consisting of lamellar crystals. Measurements of the brightness distribution of light, which had penetrated into the snow

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Snow brightness		S/169/62/ D228/D307	000/012/045	/095	_
cover, showed that it	depended on the complete translati	density and	structure o	E snow	
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YASKINA, D.S.: FILICHEINA, M.P.

1. Farmatsevticheskiy fabilitet I Moskovskogo ordena lentna meditsinskogo instituta imeni Sechenova.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962220010-8

YASHINA, I.N.

Detection of Culex modestus fic. in Vilyuysk District in the Yekut
A.S.S.R. Med.paraz. i paraz.bol. 26 no.4:481 Jl-Ag '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Iz otdels infektsiy s prirodnoy ochagovost'yu Instituts epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni N.F.Gemaleya (zav. otdelom - prof. P.A.

Petrishcheva)

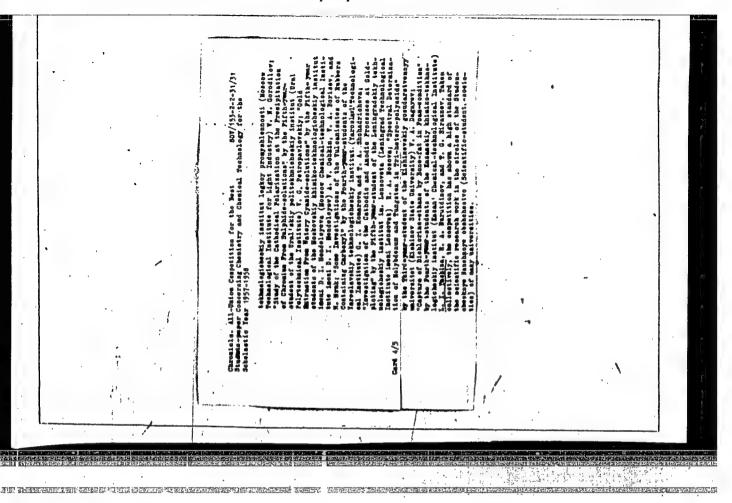
(VILYUYSK DISTRICT--MOSQUITOES)

YASHINA, I.N.

Effect of deoxyribonucleoproteins of a regenerating rabbit liver on liver regeneration in mice. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 55 no.3: 101-105 Mr '63. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Iz leboratorii rosta i razvitiya (zav. - prof. L.D. Liozner) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (direktor - prof. 1.N. Myskiy) AMN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted August 23, 1961.

TITLE: CHARLES 11. The Constraint of the North Parish in the North Parish in Charles Control of the North Parish in Charles Charles Control of the North Parish in Charles Ch	Enchorate, V. P., Funcearve, A. H. Chromists, MTunion Computition for the paper Concentral Charlest and School of Chronish. Very School of Chro	Sor/(5)-2-2-2:/3: Dest streets- Technology for the	od (ven)	t the balagy, thalagy, thalagy, that atty and atty and that and that and that and that and that and that and that and the that and that and the and the and the that and the and the and the and the and the and the that and the and the and the and the and the and the and the that and the a	A. Separan. A. A. C. A. C.	. The third reason to the control of	
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MIKITIN, V.N.; STAVITSKAYA, L.I.; BELOKON, M.S.; PAYKOVA, L.N.; SPRENNE, M.V.; YASHINA, L.N.

Ontogenesis of the adrenal glands and thymicolymphoid organs under normal conditions and following intermittent growth-inhibiting diet. Zhut, evol. biokhim. i fiziol. 1 nc.1:45-51

Ja-F :65. (MIRA 18:6)

l. Kafedra fiziologii cheloveka i zhivotnykh i Otdel ontofiziologii Biologicheskogo insilituta Kharikovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta im. A.M. Gorikogo.

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L-45806-66 - EWT(1)/T/EWP(k

ACC NR:

AR6023301

SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/003/H071/H071

AUTHOR: Yashina, L. S.

TITLE: Investigation of the velocity of ultrasound and adiabatic compressibility of quaternary mixtures in the critical region

SOURCE: Ref zh. Fizika, Abs. 2Zh494

REF. SOURCE: Tr. 1-y Mezhvuz. nauchn. konferentsii po primeneniyu molekul. akust. k issled. veshchestva i v nar. kh-ve. Tashkent, 1964, 59-65

TOPIC TAGS: ultrasonic velocity, liquid property, nonaqueous solution, organic solvent, temperature dependence, adiabatic compression, optic method

ABSTRACT: An optical method was used to investigate the velocity of propagation of ultrasound in quaternary mixtures, along the saturation line, including the critical region. Benzene-ethanol-toluene-ethyl acetate mixtures with 20, 40, 60, and 80% ethyl acetate (by weight) were investigated. The temperature dependences of the velocity of ultrasound in the liquid phase and in saturated and superheated vapor duplicates qualitatively the results of analogous investigations for the pure component and less

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The temperature dependence from the results of the me ponding curves for the pur ficient of adjabatic compr	hysteresis phenomena were observed near the of the coefficient of adiabatic compressible asurement of the speed of sound, also duplice mixture components, but the absolute value ressibility of the mixtures is much higher the ponent substances. V. Gordeyev. [Translations]	eate the corres- es of the coef- nan the corres-
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L 46034-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/EWP(k) RM:

ACC NR: AREO13655 SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/65/000/010/E007/E007

AUTHOR: Yashina, L. S.

REF SOURCE: Sb. Primeneniye ul'traakust. k issled. veshchestva. Vyp. 20, M., 1964, 159-163

TITLE: Absorption coefficient and volume viscosity in quarternary solutions of organic liquids

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 10E50

TOPIC TAGS: absorption coefficient, ultrasonic absorption, TEMPERATURE

COEFFICIENT, LIQUID PROPERTY

TRANSLATION: The temperature coefficient of ultrasonic absorption a in quarternary

TRANSLATION: The temperature coefficient of uttrasonic absorption and 80% $C_4H_8O_2$ in system A (20% C_7H_8 with 20% C_6H_6 in CH_3OH) and 80% $C_4H_8O_2$ in system G (80% C_7H_8 with 80% C_6H_6 in CH_3OH) was measured at frequencies of 3 and 9 Mhz. The measurements were made in liquids at the line of saturation and in superheated steam. The temperature for the maximum value of a coincides with that for the minimum value of sound velocity, which suggests the possibility of measuring the critical temperature by the ultrasonic absorption method. The shear viscosity was measured at various temperatures by the Stokes method and the temperature dependence of volume viscosity η' was calculated. The values of η' (T) obtained in this work are close to the values of η' (T) for pure alcohols and are in agreement with the conclu-

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NOZDREV, V.F.; YASHINA, L.S.

Investigation of complex mixtures by the ulstagodestic method. Zhur. fiz. khim. 39 no. 1:230-231 Ja *65 (MIRA 19:1)

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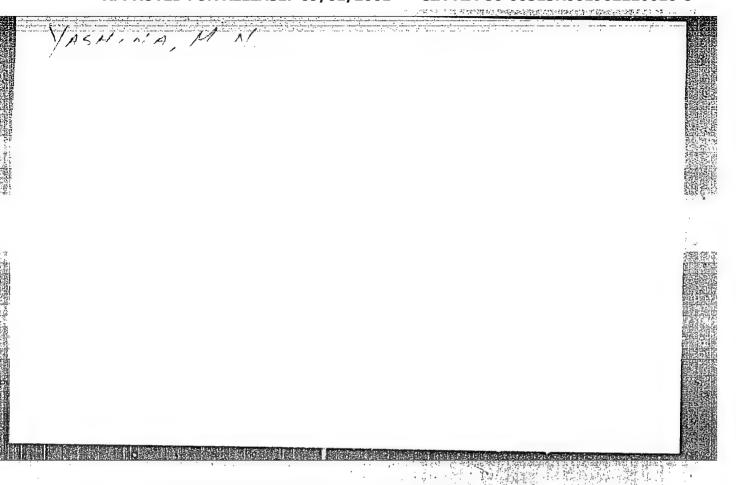
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(MIRA 17:8)

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YASHINA, N. M.

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